**QUICK REFERENCE PLANTING GUIDE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LIGHT/SUN EXPOSURE</th>
<th>Full sun to part shade.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USDA HARDINESS ZONES</td>
<td>6 to 9.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANT TYPE</td>
<td>Perennial.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLANTING DISTANCE IN-GROUND</td>
<td>At least 8 feet apart.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CONTAINER SIZE</td>
<td>One plant per 12-inch or larger container.</td>
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<tr>
<td>MATURE HEIGHT / SPREAD</td>
<td>8 to 10 feet tall with a 10 to 15 foot spread.</td>
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<tr>
<td>BLOOM TIME</td>
<td>Summer to fall.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TIME TO REACH MATURITY</td>
<td>24 months.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FACTS OF NOTE</td>
<td>Attracts pollinators. Heat tolerant. Great for growing on a trellis, arbor or fence.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SOIL PREPARATION**

We recommend having your soil tested periodically by your local County Extension Office (www.nifa.usda.gov/extension or by calling 1-800-333-4636). A soil test can determine if your soil needs any amendments to enhance the growth and performance of your plants.

Ideal garden soil is easy to dig in and drains well while still holding the nutrients and water vital to plant growth. To prepare a bed for in-ground planting, spade or till the soil to a depth of roughly 12-18 inches. Next, spread a 2-4 inch layer of organic matter such as compost, shredded leaves or peat moss over the soil and mix well.

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**Thank you for your order.**

Your satisfaction is of primary concern to us. Please use the following resources for questions regarding your order.

- leafandpetaldesigns.com
- help@leafandpetaldesigns.com
- facebook.com/leafandpetaldesigns
- @leafpetaldesigns
- pinterest.com/leafandpetaldesigns
- 888-593-3660
- 9960 Podgett Switch Rd.
  Irvington, AL 36544

**Leaf & Petal™ Guarantee**

Leaf & Petal™ guarantees its perennials for one year and annuals for 90 days from the time of shipment. If your purchase fails to perform as expected, Leaf & Petal™ will replace your plant with a similar or comparable one at no charge. If your replacement is unavailable or it is too late in the season to ship, it will ship the following season.

**Caution:** Do not assume any plant is safe to eat. Only parts of plants expressly grown to be eaten should be considered edible. As with any product that is not food, care should be taken to make sure that small children and pets do not ingest any part of a plant that is not expressly grown to be eaten.

Unless specifically stated, this product is intended for ornamental horticultural use only and is not intended for consumption or ingestion by humans or pets. Most plants are harmless but some contain toxic substances which can cause adverse health effects. Furthermore, some individuals and some animals are sensitive or allergic to certain plants and precautions should be taken to limit or avoid physical contact with particular plants. Some plants have thorns or spines that can be painful if handled.

In case of ingestion contact a poison control center immediately.

1-800-222-1222

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*Image on cover is representative of the type of plant(s) in this offer and not necessarily indicative of actual size or color for the included variety.*
OUT OF THE BOX

CAMPIS
SKU #643-525

Your plant has been shipped to you in a pot. Please remove the plant from the packaging right away and plant as soon as possible following the planting instructions below. If it is not possible to plant right away, follow these important steps:

1. Roll the plastic down around the plant and place it in a sunny location.
2. Keep the plant well watered.
3. Prepare the root ball for planting by gently disturbing the root zone in a container of water for 10 minutes while you prepare for planting.
4. Apply a 2-4 inch layer of shredded bark, compost, leaves, straw or other organic matter around your plants to promote moisture retention, maintain even soil temperatures and discourage weed growth. Replenish the mulch as needed.

PLANTING INSTRUCTIONS

Important: Thoroughly hydrate the plant by submerging the root zone in a container of water for 10 minutes while you prepare for planting.

1. Remove and discard the clear plastic bag from around the pot.
2. After watering, remove the pot by holding the plant upside down in one hand and squeezing the sides of the pot with the other.
3. Keep the area around your plants free of weeds. Weeds compete with surrounding plants for food, water and light. Walk around the garden periodically and pull weeds, including the roots, as soon as you see them.
4. Dig a hole twice as deep and twice as wide as the plant's root ball. Partially backfill the hole with soil and place the plant into the hole. The top of the root ball should be level with the ground surrounding the hole. Refill the hole with soil, firming the soil around the plant with your fingers. Check to be sure the plant is not planted too deeply. If it is, raise the plant carefully and re-firm the soil.
5. Water thoroughly.

SPRUNG

WATERING

Adequate and consistent watering is essential during your plant's first year in the garden. Infrequent, long soakings of water that thoroughly saturate the soil are more effective than frequent, light applications of water.

Due to variable geographical and environmental conditions, a specific watering schedule is difficult to define. However, as a rule of thumb, you should not allow the soil or the original root ball to completely dry out. During the first summer, you may need to water as often as every few days in periods of drought and extreme summer heat. To determine if your plant needs water, dig a few inches into the soil next to the plant. If the soil is dry 2-3 inches below the surface, it is time to water.

Overwatering can be as damaging as under watering. Be sure that the area surrounding your plant has adequate drainage to move water away from the plant. If you choose to plant in a container, always select one with drainage holes to prevent your plant's roots from sitting in water.

WATERING THOROUGHLY IN FALL WILL GREATLY ENHANCE YOUR PLANT'S COLD TOLERANCE ONCE THE GROUND HAS FROZEN.

CAMPIS may be trimmed as desired to control its size or to keep it contained to a specific area. If desired, remove spent flowers before seed pods form to promote additional flowering and maintain a tidy appearance. In late winter or early spring, remove any dead or damaged growth and re-shape the plant as needed.

WINTERIZING

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Keep the area around your plants free of weeds. Weeds compete with surrounding plants for food, water and light. Walk around the garden periodically and pull weeds, including the roots, as soon as you see them.

REPLANTING

FEEDING

Feed your plants once every 2-3 weeks during the growing season with a water-soluble fertilizer. Discontinue feeding after September 1st so your plants can harden off for winter dormancy. Resume fertilizing when new growth appears in spring.

What are the bean-like pods on my campsis vine?
The long, bean-like pods on your vine are seed pods. They may be left on the plant or removed depending on your preference. If you do not wish for the plant to self-seed in your garden, snip off the seed pods as they appear, or deadhead to prevent them from forming.

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MULCHING

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CONTINUING CARE

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS